

BROAD FRAMEWORK: REPORT WRITING

UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION CENTRE FOR WOMEN'S STUDIES BROAD FRAMEWORK: REPORT WRITING

ANNUAL REPORT, 2019-20

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

- 1.1 University : **Manipur University**
- 1.2 Centre/College : **Women's Study Centre,
S. Kula Women's College**
- 1.3 Address : **Kongkhampat, Nambol, Manipur
Pin – 795 134
Tel – 0385-2453465/2453428
Fax – 0385-2453465
E-mail – skwcollege@gmail.com
Website – www.skwomenscollege.ac.in**
- 1.4 Date of Establishment : **01-08-2008**
- 1.5 Date of approval : **11-07-2009**
- 1.6 Phase Assigned : **Phase-II w.e.f 2016-17**
- 1.7 Name of Director : **Dr. W. Kunjarani Chanu**

2. PROGRAMME

2.1 Objectives:

- a) Women empowerment through value added education.*
- b) To upgrade courses on women's studies from Certificate Course to Diploma/Advanced Diploma Course.*
- c) To conduct Training Programme on Women's Studies.*
- d) To organize awareness/sensitization Programme (Field Action) about legal aids on Women's Rights Violation and Domestic Violence etc.*
- e) To undergo Research Works on the topics related to Women's issues.*
- f) Documentation, Compilation, Publication and Dissemination.*
- g) Twinning Programme between other Phase II/III centres.*
- h) Clustering of other Departments of the College as well as other Centres, Women's Organization and Neighbourhood Communities.*

2.2 Fulfillment:

- i) *Curriculum Development: The Centre with other faculty members developed a curriculum of a 6-month Certificate Course in women's Studies and obtained approval from the University (a copy of the syllabus and approval letter of the University are already submitted).*
- ii) *The Centre has started Certificate Course in Women's Studies for the academic session 2010-11. The Permission to start the course has already submitted. The college will upgrade the Certificate on Women's Studies to Diploma/Advanced Diploma Course from the Academic Session, 2017-18.*
- iii) *Research: Within a short span the centre has emphasized on different critical issues of women and successfully developed documentation. So far, the centre has brought out the following publications since, 2009-10 as the output of the research activities as per details shown below:*
 - a) *"Crimes Against Women (Dimensional Magnitude and Chronological Record of Manipuri Women) Volume – 1" during the year, 2009-10.*
 - b) *"Socio-Economic Security of Aged Women in Manipur" during 2010-11.*
 - c) *"Human Trafficking Vulnerability of North East Women and Children" during the year, 2010-11.*
 - d) *"Integrated Child Development Services: Issues and Challenges in the Conflict ridden state, Manipur" in collaboration with Social Welfare and Development Centre, Imphal, Manipur during the year, 2011-12.*
 - e) *"Insecure Life of Women in Conflict State: The Experience of Manipur, 2012" during the year, 2012-13.*
 - f) *"Multiple Vulnerability of Women and Children (PLHA): The Manipur Experience" as SKWC Working Pape, Vol- 004, March, 2013.*
 - g) *Publication of "A Review on Victimisation of Women: Impact of Substance Abuse Cyber and Mobile Abuse" during the year, 2013-14.*
 - h) *"Women Empowerment: State of Panchayat in Manipur" as SKWC working paper Vol. 008, January, 2014.*
 - i) *Publication of "Voice of Women in Manipuri Literature, Reflection of Crimes and Social Chaos" during the year, 2014-15.*
 - j) *Documentation and Publication of "Women Activism on Social Development (Demand for Inner Line Permit System)" Vol. V, Issue: 1 during the year, 2015-16.*

- k) Publication of *SKWC working papers on Women Studies*, Vol. XI to Vol. XIV published in the month of April, 2015; August, 2015; December, 2015 and February, 2016 respectively.
- l) Publication on Documentation of “*Women Activism on Social Movement (Demand for Inner Permit System)*” Vol. V, Issue: II.
- m) Publication of *SKWC working papers on “Social Taboo and Transgender in India: Rights of LGBT”*, Vol. XVIII, January, 2017.
- n) Publication on Documentation of “*Women Activism on Social Movement (Demand for Inner Permit System)*” Vol. V, Issue: III.
- o) Publication of *SKWC working papers on “Social Ostracism and Domestic Violence on WLHA”*, Vol. XIX, March, 2017.
- p) Publication on Documentation of “*Women Activism on Social Movement (Demand for Inner Permit System)*” Vol. VI, Issue: I. 2019
- q) Publication on Documentation of “*Women Activism on Social Movement (Demand for Inner Permit System)*” Vol. VII, Issue: I. 2020

3. Details.

3.1 Teaching:

- a) Name of Course : i) **6-months Certificate Course on Women’s Studies**
ii) **1-Year Diploma Course on Women’s Studies (Applied for University Permission/Recognition)**
- b) Curriculum : **Curriculum developed by the Centre**
- c) Syllabus : i) **6-months Certificate Course approved by the Manipur University**
ii) **1-Year Diploma Course submitted to the Manipur University for approval.**
- d) Year of Starting the Course :
- i) Certificate Course : **2010-11**
- ii) Diploma Course : **2019-20**
(applied to MU for Recognition)
- e) No. of Students admitted
- | | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|------|-----------------|-----------|
| i) Certificate Course | : | i) | 2010-11: | 20 |
| | | ii) | 2011-12: | 25 |
| | | iii) | 2012-13: | 32 |
| | | iv) | 2013-14: | 35 |
| | | v) | 2014-15: | 22 |

vi)	2015-16:	36
vii)	2016-17:	35
viii)	2017-18:	30
ix)	2018-19:	28
x)	2019-20:	32

ii) Diploma Course : **Not yet admitted**

f) Faculty details :

<i>Sl. No.</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>Department</i>	<i>Institution</i>
1.	<i>Dr. W. Kunjarani Chanu, Director, WSC</i>	<i>Philosophy</i>	<i>S. Kula Women's College</i>
2.	<i>Shri Dr. L. Muhindro</i>	<i>Human Rights</i>	<i>S. Kula Women's College</i>
3.	<i>Ch. Komolini Devi</i>	<i>Political Science</i>	<i>S. Kula Women's College</i>
4.	<i>Dr. S. Bhogendra Singh</i>	<i>Sociology</i>	<i>S. Kula Women's College</i>
5.	<i>Ch. Ritu Devi</i>	<i>Home Science</i>	<i>S. Kula Women's College</i>
6.	<i>Caroline Laishram</i>	<i>Fashion Designing</i>	<i>S. Kula Women's College</i>
7.	<i>Dr. L. Sumobala Devi</i>	<i>Food Science</i>	<i>S. Kula Women's College</i>
8.	<i>O. Pahari Singh</i>	<i>Economics/Law</i>	<i>S. Kula Women's College</i>
9.	<i>Dr. Ng. Liklaileima</i>	<i>Human Rights/Women's Studies</i>	<i>S. Kula Women's College</i>
10.	<i>Dr. Priyadarshini M</i>	<i>History/Law</i>	<i>S. Kula Women's College</i>
11.	<i>Kh. Priyogopal Singh</i>	<i>Geography/Law</i>	<i>S. Kula Women's College</i>
12.	<i>Dr. O. Jiten Singh</i>	<i>Human Rights</i>	<i>Guest Faculty, Manipur University,</i>
13	<i>Dr. Vijyalakshmi Brara</i>	<i>Centre for Manipur Studies</i>	<i>Guest Lecturer Manipur University,</i>
14	<i>Th. Premlata</i>	<i>NGO/HRLN</i>	<i>Human Rights Law Network/ Guest Faculty</i>

3.2 Outreach/Awareness Programme:

- i) One Day consultation Programme on “**Diverse Issues of Women in India**” held on 02-05-2015.
- ii) One Day “**Disaster Awareness Programme**” held at S. Kula Women’s College on 20-02-2016 in collaboration with “**Shri Sathya Sai Seva Organization**”.
- iii) International Women’s Day organized at S. Kula Women’s College on 08-03-2016 on the theme “**Planet 50-50 by 2030: Step It Up for Gender Equality**”.
- iv) One Day Outreach Programme on “**Women and Legal Protection in Manipur**” was organized by the Women’s Study Centre of the College at Jiribam, border of Manipur in collaboration with “**All Meira Paibi, Jiribam**” on the 17th March, 2017.

- v) One day outreach programme on the theme: “Women and Legal Protection in Manipur” was organized by Women Studies Centre, S. Kula Women’s College, Nambol under the leadership of Dr. W. Kunjarani Chanu, Director, Women Studies Centre, S. Kula Women’s College, Nambol at Town Hall, Kalinagar Part-II, Jiribam in collaboration with All Meira Paibi, Jiribam, Manipur on 17th May, 2017.
- vi) Under the sponsorship of National Commission for Women, New Delhi the Nationwide Competition on Legal Rights of Women was organized by Women’s Studies Centre of this college the S. Kula Women’s College, Nambol at its multipurpose hall.
- vii) Ten-day Training-Cum-Workshop on Self Defence for Women, from 7-16 November 2017 was held at S. Kula Women’s College, Nambol, Manipur being organized by Women’s Studies Centre, of this college in collaboration with HULA Sindamsang, Keishamthong Laishram Leirak, Imphal, Manipur.
- viii) Women’s Studies Centre and NSS Unit I & II of the S. Kula Women’s college organised the observance of ‘**International Women’s Day 2018**’ on 8th March 2018 at the conference hall of the college under the theme of “**Time is Now: Rural and urban activists transforming women’s lives**”.
- ix) Women’s Studies Centre, in collaboration with NSS Unit I & II and IQAC, SKWC organized Observance of International Women’s Day 2019, on the theme of “**Balance For Better**” at the Conference Hall of the College, on the 8th March 2019
- x) To mark the observance of International Women’s Day 2020, the Women’s Studies Centre, S. Kula Women’s College, Kongkhampat, Nambol is organising 2-Day UGC sponsored National workshop on “**I am Generation Equality: Realizing Women’s Rights**” in connection with the observance of International Women’s Day 2020, on 7 and 8 March 2020.

3.3 Research:

<i>Research activities of the centre:</i>	
<i>i) 2009-10</i>	<i>The centre has brought out a publication on “Crimes Against Women (Dimensional Magnitude and Chronological Record of Manipuri Women) Volume – 1” during the year, 2009-10.</i>
<i>i) 2010-11</i>	<i>The centre in collaboration with United College Chandel, Manipur and Organization of Social Care and Research (OSCAR,) Imphal West, Manipur has also undertaken a Research Project on “Socio-Economic Security of Aged Women in Manipur”, “Human Trafficking Vulnerability of North East Women and Children ” during the year, 2010-11</i>
<i>iii) 2011-12</i>	<i>“Integrated Child Development Services: Issues and Challenges in the Conflict ridden state, Manipur” in collaboration with Social Welfare and Development Centre, Imphal, Manipur during the year, 2011-12. The copies of the Project Papers was already submitted to the UGC.</i>

iv) 2012-13	The Centre has also undertaken a research project and brought out a publication on the topic “Insecure Life of Women in Conflict State: The Experience of Manipur, 2012” during the year, 2012-13. The centre also publish a Working Paper on Women’s Studies namely “Multiple Vulnerability of Women and Children (PLHA): The Manipur Experience” .
v) 2013-14	The centre has brought out a publication on “A Review on Victimisation of Women: Impact of Substance Abuse Cyber and Mobile Abuse” during the year, 2013-14 and a working paper on “Women Empowerment: State of Panchayat in Manipur” Vol. 008, January, 2014.
vi) 2014-15	During the year, 2014-15 the centre has brought out a Research Publication entitled “Voice of Women in Manipuri Literature, Reflection of Crimes and Social Chaos” . A copy of the publication was already submitted to the UGC.
vii) 2015-16	Documentation and Publication of “Women Activism on Social Development (Demand for Inner Line Permit System)” Vol. V, Issue: 1 during the year, 2015-16. Publication of SKWC working papers on Women Studies, Vol. XI to Vol. XIV published in the month of April, 2015; August, 2015; December, 2015 and February, 2016 respectively. Copies of the publications are enclosed for your ready reference
viii) 2016-17	Documentation and Publication of “Women Activism on Social Movement (Demand for Inner Permit System)” Vol. V, Issue: II . Copies of the publications are enclosed for your ready reference. SKWC Working Vol. XVIII, January, 2017 on “Social Taboo and Transgender in India: Rights of LGBT” was also published by the Publication Cell of the Teachers’ Forum of the college. A copy of the working paper is also enclosed for your ready reference.
ix) 2017-18	i) Publication on Documentation of “Women Activism on Social Movement (Demand for Inner Permit System)” Vol. V, Issue: III . ii) Publication of SKWC working papers on “Social Ostracism and Domestic Violence on WLHA” , Vol. XIX, March, 2017.
x) 2018-19	Documentation of “Women Activism on Social Movement (Demand for Inner Permit System)” Vol. VI, Issue: I. 2019
xi) 2019-20	Documentation of “Women Activism on Social Movement (Demand for Inner Permit System)” Vol. VII, Issue: I. 2020 Copies of the publication on documentation and other publications are also enclosed for your ready reference

Research: Nil

3.4 **Field Action:**

The Women's Study Centre of the College organized the following awareness/field action programmes: -

i) The Women's Studies Centre, S Kula Women's College, Nambol, under the sponsorship of University Grants Commission (UGC) organised One day outreach programme of Legal sensitization on "Fate of Childless Women and Mother of Lone Daughters" held on 19 March 2020 at Community Hall of Nachou Maning Leikai, Bishnupur District. About 120 women participants were participated in the programme. The inaugural function of the outreach programme was held at 11.00 hr. Sharp. **Smt. L. Chitra Devi** (President Nachou Maning Meirapaibi Lup); **Th. Prenmlata** (Asst. Director, Human Rights Law Network); **Dr. S. Bhogenrda Singh**, (Advisor, Organization for Social Care and Research, Imphal West, Manipur); **Dr. L. Muhindro** (Advisor, Social Welfare and Development Centre, Imphal West, Manipur); **Dr. W. Kunjarani Chanu**, Director, Women's Studies Centre, SKWC, was graced as chief guest, guests of honour and president respectively.

Th. Prenmlata delivered speech on *Fate of Childless Women and Mother of Lone Daughters*; she stated that childlessness is problem and the type of research. Since this childlessness is mainly considered as to see the change of proportion of childless per cent married men are childless in considered. This proportion decreases to 2.2 per cent if the marital duration of more than five years is considered. That means, in the third, fourth, and fifth year of marital duration, only 1 per cent childless men have become fathers. The NFHS-3 shows that 2.7 per cent married women are childless after five years of their marital duration. Therefore, it can be said that there is a consistency in the result of percentages of married men and percentages of married women with marital duration of more than five years who are childless.

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Childlessness may be voluntary or involuntary. The concept childless may indeed, also be used for couples who do not want to have children, or are postponing childbirth, as is a frequent phenomenon in the West. However in poor-resource countries voluntary childlessness is rarely found, and if so, mostly in the upper classes. This article is focused on poor-resource areas and developing countries where most of the world population and also most of the childless population is found. I will analyse the situation of involuntary childlessness first by looking on the individual level, than the national level and finally the international level.

Dr. S. Bhogendra spoke on *Domestic Violence in Manipur: Traditional culture and custom*. He argued that in Manipur too, discriminatory customary laws and practices are strictly adhered to in many areas. In some communities these laws sanction polygamy and child marriage; in others, land, property rights and custody of children are given only to the males. In addition, women are debarred from taking part in political decision making. Besides, the inherent gender biases of the traditional systems, greater contact and exposure to other cultures have also resulted in acculturation and dilution of some of the positive and women friendly aspects of the indigenous cultures. For instance, in most tribes, including the Kukis if



a woman does not have a son, inheritance is near impossible. In such cases, after the death of her husband, custody of the children as well as property rights are automatically with her in-laws. Among the Meitei community in Manipur, polygamy is still practised. It is a widely held belief that polygamy was adopted by necessity rather than by design when the loss of men in the Manipuri

Burmese war was significantly high. The unequivocal need for social security gave way to elders sanctioning polygamy as a means of security and protection to women. This has however become an accepted practise now not just among the Meiteis but among the other tribal communities in the region as well.

The following case highlights the discrimination that women have to face in such situations: Binalakshmi, had been married to Arun for two years and lived in Imphal, Manipur. Right from the day of her marriage, she was taunted by her in-laws and her husband, about her looks. She said, I thought that things would change after I gave birth to a son. However they did not. Within a couple of months he got married to another woman. Whenever he would get into a fit of anger, he would beat me and lock me out of the house. Unable to bear this any longer, I finally got the courage to leave him and start living on my own. Binalakshmi has been living away from her husband for a couple of years now. She has been struggling to earn a livelihood and has recently remarried. She has been at the receiving end of a lot of criticism from family members and members of the community about being a 'bad' wife, a 'bad' mother and a 'bad' woman.

Giving the speech as Guest of Honour, **Dr. L. Muhindro** stated that what is unfortunate is that despite such vitality of our women, the brunt of all misfortune and hardship is borne by them. They have not been given their due recognition for all that they are worth which is why the women of our state still suffer from copious crimes and violence. Again, to make matters grave, most men in Manipur accept that women should be home-bound and more often than not they misinterpret freedom of women. This puts them often in a baffled and contradictory situation where on one hand they are restricted from being gregarious and free and on the other hand, they are obliged to go out and work to make both ends meet. The need of the hour is - first and foremost, unity among the womenfolk. It is of utmost importance for all the women to unanimously realize their rights and privileges in the society and state and to

encourage and support their cause. Once the women achieve this peaceful accord and form a fraternity the course to their emancipation will be a judicious path. Awareness among both men and women on the protection of rights and issues concerning women is another key remedial factor. Women alone cannot bring absolute eradication of women aggression. Men should be equally responsible pertaining to the problems concerning women. The perpetrator of violence and crime against women should be made aware of his violations and the subsequent penalties. Both men and women should be equally educated about the use and misuse of women and women should be alerted and encouraged to stand up for their rightful claims in every sphere. The next important thing is for the Government policy makers, planners, administrators and those agencies and NGOs, to formulate feasible policy measures and programmes to protect women against subjecting them as mere objects. There is an urgent need to recognize women's contribution in the socio-economic and political development of our state and subsequently legalize their commendable roles and give them enough room for expansion.



Adequate opportunity for women which include employment facilities, equal participation in social, political and economic sphere, fair and equal trials, and literacy programmes for women etc. With this done, we can envisage a society based on equality and mutual respect and a society with less violence and crimes against women. The formation of the Manipur State Commission for Women is a laudable initiative of the State Government to help redress grievances of women. A long cherished dream of women has materialized and women have been provided a long deprived space with the establishment of the Commission.

In the presidential speech, **Dr. W. Kunjarani Chanu** stated that the Department of Women and Child Development has taken the initiative of formalizing the concept of Gender Mainstreaming and is currently focusing on four areas for the empowerment of women, namely, Food and Nutrition Security and Employment Guarantee, Water and Sanitation, Adequate Health Facilities and Asset Base for Women (land, home, livestock etc.). Protective legislations for women's welfare such as Bill on prevention of sexual harassment of women at work place, bill to provide compulsory registration of marriages, rules under the Protection of Women from domestic violence Act, 2005, Draft Scheme for relief and rehabilitation of victims of rape, reviewing of Dowry Prohibition Act., 1961 etc. are being considered for implementation. Despite the several decrees and laws passed for the protection of women, India's record in the gender issue is utterly depressing. Women continue to suffer from the gamut of discrimination, abuse, violence and poverty, the pressure of poverty even compelled her to sell her body.



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We have seen an increasing number of children being sold and women in prostitution as means of survival for their families throughout the country. Increased

dependence and insecurity caused by globalization policies have also worsened the bargaining capacity of women. The commodifications of women's bodies through a million images in different sections of the media (including cybersex) also lead to increased violence against women. In 2002 and 2003 there were 2,80,0398 registered cases of rape, 65,659 cases of molestation. However, the average rate of convictions in cases of violence against women is below 15 percent. (AIDW A, 2002). It confirms the fact that women are mostly affected by profound economic, political and cultural changes going on in India, during the last one and half decade or so, under the name of globalization. Manipur is not an exception from these tragedies concerning women. The protective shield for women against violence and crime present a contemptible sight. The present state of conflict situation has also compounded the problem. Increasing crime against women is an ever increasing problem in Manipur and the problem has been soaring higher and higher.

ii) National Workshop on the International Women's Day, 2020:

To mark the observance of International Women's Day 2020, the Women's Studies Centre, S. Kula Women's College, Kongkhampat, Nambol organised 2-Day UGC sponsored National workshop on "I am Generation Equality: Realizing Women's Rights" in connection with the observance of International Women's Day 2020, on 7 and 8 March 2020.



The programme was kicked off at 10.30 a.m. with Prof. (Dr.) M. Binota Chairperson, Manipur State Commission for Women, Dr. S. Bhogendra, Nodal Officer, AISHE & HoD, Sociology, SKWC, Dr. W. Kunjarani Chanu, Director, Women's Studies Centre, SKWC, Th. Premlata, Advocate & Assistant Director, Human Rights Law Network (Manipur)



L. Muhindro Meitei, State Supervisor, National Election Studies, CSDS, New Delhi, Dr. N. Joykumar Singh, Principal, S. Kula Women's College have grace the inaugural function as Chief Guest, Guests of honour and president respectively. Altogether 16 research papers were presented and 86 participants were in the workshop.



In the welcoming address Dr. S. Bhogendra, Nodal Officer, AISHE & HOD, Sociology, S. Kula Women's College stated that Gender is a social construct, so, we can bring change the understanding of gender by changing our mind set and socio-cultural background of our society. So, I do hope the

workshop will bring a logical discussion on the topic so that the society could enable to bring the solution of the social pathology regarding gender issues.

Introducing the theme of the workshop **Dr. W. Kunjarani Chanu**, Director, Women's Studies Centre and Convenor of the workshop said that The issue of Gender Equality and economic empowerment has been subject matter of intense debate the social scientist gender activities and intellectual particularly in the contest of the new emerging. However, gender roles vary greatly from one culture to another and from one social, political, and economic group to another within the same culture. Despite many Government's gender centric plans and



policies were implemented, it is still yet to achieve, gender equality in all sphere of life. In other words gender equality is intrinsically linked to sustainable development and is vital to the realization of human rights for all. Overall objective of gender equality is a society in which women and men enjoy the same opportunities rights and obligations in all spheres of life.

Giving the keynote address **L. Muhindro** (*Nodal officer: UGC University Activity Monitoring Portal, SKWC*) stated that Twenty-five years since the adoption of the Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action—a progressive roadmap for gender equality—it's time to take stock of progress and bridge the gaps that remain through bold, decisive actions. The Generation Equality campaign is bringing together people of every gender, age, ethnicity, race, religion and country, to drive actions that will create the gender-equal world we all deserve. Together, we want to mobilize to end gender-based violence; we are calling for economic justice and rights for all; bodily autonomy, sexual and reproductive health



and rights; and feminist action for climate justice. We want technology and innovation for gender equality; and feminist leadership. Small actions can have big impacts in making this vision a reality. On International Women's Day, join Generation Equality and become part of the movement. An equal world is an enabled world. Individually, we're all responsible for our own thoughts and actions - all day, every day. We can actively choose to challenge stereotypes, fight bias, broaden perceptions, improve situations and celebrate women's achievements. The emerging global consensus is that despite some progress, real change has been agonizingly slow for the majority of women and girls in the world. Today, not a single country can claim to have achieved gender equality. Multiple obstacles remain unchanged in law and in culture. Women and girls continue to be undervalued; they work more and earn less and have fewer choices; and experience multiple forms of violence at home and in public spaces.

He also presented a paper on Women's Rights and Gender Equality: Vulnerability of Women HIV in Manipur. He asserted that HIV women largely vulnerable groups of poor family have been waiting the last breath of life. In the one sense, they can't have equal opportunity, equality before law, privacy, liberty, economy and social security and more particularly right to life and human dignity as social stigma and other forms of violence (sexual, physical, verbal) rounded against them. The question of domestic violence against women HIV has also another issue despite numerous countless issues in Manipur. HIV positive women fighting for right to life, fighting for their children, fighting against all odds are many times sexually abused and tortured by people who are considered as saviours to them. When they approach for help, they are welcome and

helped only to abuse their rights. Such hapless lamentation of HIV infected women have disclosed only when they are out of tolerance. A number of questions were germinated when it reach to the general public. HIV infected woman who approached for justice to a lawyer and had to sacrifice the chastity of a woman to the justice-provider for her only child. In another human right violation story appeared in the local newspaper, HIV women seeking ART drugs for life was reportedly lured by a person working in ART centre.

Among the invitees **M. Shakhi**, President, All Manipur Nupi Marup also made observation on this workshop.

In the closing of the inaugural function the president of the function and principal of the college, **Dr. N. Joykumar Singh** stated that I am happy to preside



this function that the Women's Studies Centre, S. Kula Women's College, is organising 2-Day UGC sponsored National workshop on "I am Generation Equality: Realizing Women's Rights" to mark the observance of International Women's Day 2020, on 7th & 8th March, 2020. Twenty-five years since the adoption of the Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action—a progressive roadmap for gender equality—it's time to take stock of progress and bridge the gaps that remain through bold, decisive actions. The Generation Equality campaign is bringing together people of every gender, age, ethnicity, race, religion and country, to drive actions that will create the gender-equal world we all deserve. In this juncture, it is right time to have such discourse in a women's college.



List of Paper presenters

The responses to the call for paper and abstract submission from different scholars were overwhelming; we received over 67 paper proposals of excellent quality. Papers were reviewed in hectic discussion by screening committee and finally selected very few papers of the following and recommended for presentation on technical sessions..

Sl. No	Paper No	Presenter	Title
01	WSNW2010	Dr. Seram Bhogendra Singh Head, Department of Sociology S. Kula Women's College,	Gender Budgeting: A Key to Women Empowerment in India
02	WSNW2012	Dr. Ruth Lalsiemsang Buongpui Assistant Professor Department of Tribal Studies, Manipur University of Culture	Gender roles: Private and Public divide
03	WSNW2016	Kh. Chaobi Devi Assistant Professor, Department of English Oriental College, Imphal, Manipur, India	Socio-economic Development and Gender Inequality in North East India
04	WSNW2017	1.) Y. Indira Devi Assistant Professor, Department of Sociology, Liberal College, Luwangsangbam, Imphal East, Manipur-795002 & 2.) Shanjit Maibam Assistant Professor, Department of Sociology, Liberal College, Luwangsangbam, Imphal East, Manipur-795002	Gender Budgeting: A Means for Gender Equality in India.
05	WSNW2022	Dr. Ph. Kamala Devi Dhanamanjuri University Department of Statistics	Generation Equality : Realising Women's Rights
06	WSNW2024	H. Merina Devi Assistant professor, Department of Home Science, Thambal Marik College, Oinam	Education for Gender Equality: A Key to Millennium Development Goals
07	WSNW2025	Dr. Oinam Shantibala Devi Assistant Professor, Department of Sociology, Moreh College, Moreh, Manipur	Gender Health Policy: An Agenda for Gender Equality and Socio-economic Development in India.
08	WSNW2037	Dr. Rajkumari Rebika Devi Asst. Prof., Department of Philosophy S. Kula Women's College, Nambol	Adolescent Health: A Venture to Gender Equality and Socio-economic Development in India
09	WSNW2041	Ch. Rameshwor Singh Asst. Prof. Dept. of Geography	Encountering Rights of 3 rd Gender (LGBT): A Review

10	WSNW2045	Md. Faizul Haque, Ph D. Research Scholar, Dept. of Applied Economics & Commerce, Magadh University, Bodhgaya, Bihar	Economic Rights of Muslim Women from Religious Perspective
11	WSNW2056	M. Surjit HoD, Education, S. Kula Women's College, Nambol	Social Stigma and Discrimination on Third Gender
12	WSNW2058	Sanasam Dineshori Asst. Prof. Dept. of Home Science, SKWC	Gender Equality and Initiative of the Government
13	WSNW2061	Dr. W. Kunjarani Chanu HoD, Dept. of Phylosophy S. Kula Women's College, Nambol	Gender Equality to the Empowerment of Women Right
14	WSNW2062	T. Deepamanjuri, Asst. Prof. Dept. of Sociology, Manipur University	Transgender Movement in Manipur: Issues and Challenges
15	WSNW2066	L. Pushparani Ph D. Research Scholar Department of English CMJ University, Meghalaya	Gender Characterization and Role of Women in Raja Rao's Selected Novels
16	WSNW2067	L. Geetamala Devi Asst. Prof. Department of Botany S. Kula Women's College	Crime Against Women in India: Special reference to Manipur

First technical session

Technical session - 1		
Time 11.45 hr Plenary session	Dr. M. Binota <i>Chairperson,</i> <i>Manipur State Commission</i> <i>for Women</i>	<i>Chairperson</i>
Plenary speaker	Th. Premlata Ass. Director, Human Rights Law Network, Manipur	Fate of Childless Women and mother of lone Daughters: Legal Remedies

Prof. M. Binita, Chairperson,

In the Plenary Session where Th. Premlata, Advocate & Assistant Director, Human Rights Law Network (Manipur) talk on "Fate of Childless Women and mother of lone Daughters: Legal Remedies". The session was chaired by Prof. M. Binita, Chairperson, MSCW.

Time 13.30 hr

Lunch Break

Technical session - 2 Time 14.20 hr

L. Muhindro, Ph. D, *Project Coordinator, UGC-STRIDE, SKWC &Coordinator IQAC, SKWC, Chaired technical session*



WSNW2062

T. Deepamanjuri,
Asst. Prof. Dept. of
Sociology, Manipur
University

Transgender Movement in
Manipur: Issues and
Challenges

Dr. Ph. Kamala Devi
Asso. Prof. Dept. of
Statistics, DM College of
Science
Dhanamanjuri University

Generation Equality :
Realizing Women's Rights



H. Merina Devi
Assistant professor, Department of
Home Science, Thambal Marik
College, Oinam

Education for Gender Equality: A
Key to Millennium Development
Goals

Dr. Oinam Shantibala
Assistant Professor, Department of Sociology, Moreh College, Gender

Health Policy: An Agenda for Gender Equality and Socio-economic Development in India.



L. Geetamala Devi
*Asst. Prof. Dept. of Botany
 S. Kula Women's College*

Crime Against Women in India: Special reference to Manipur

<p>Dr. Ruth Lalsiemsang Buongpui <i>Assistant Professor, Department of Tribal Studies, Manipur University of Culture</i></p>	<p>Gender roles: Private and Public divide</p>
<p>Kh. Chaobi Devi <i>Assistant Professor, Department of English, Oriental College,</i></p>	<p>Socio-economic Development and Gender Inequality in North East India</p>
<p>1.) Y. Indira Devi <i>Assistant Professor, Department of Sociology, Liberal College, Luwangsangbam, Imphal East</i> 2.) Shanjit Maibam <i>Assistant Professor, Department of Sociology, Liberal College, Luwangsangbam, Imphal East,</i></p>	<p>Gender Budgeting: A Means for Gender Equality in India.</p>
<p>Dr. Ph. Kamala Devi <i>Asso. Prof. Dept of Statistics , DM College of Science Dhanamanjuri University</i></p>	<p>Generation Equality : Realising Women's Rights</p>
<p>H. Merina Devi <i>Assistant professor, Department of Home Science, Thambal Marik College, Oinam</i></p>	<p>Education for Gender Equality: A Key to Millennium Development Goals</p>
<p>WSNW2025 Dr. Oinam Shantibala Devi <i>Assistant Professor, Department of Sociology, Moreh College,</i></p>	<p>Gender Health Policy: An Agenda for Gender Equality and Socio-economic Development in India.</p>

WSNW2062 T. Deepamanjuri, Asst. Prof. Dept. of Sociology, Manipur University	Transgender Movement in Manipur: Issues and Challenges
L. Geetamala Devi Asst. Prof. Dept. of Botany S. Kula Women's College	Crime Against Women in India: Special reference to Manipur

Day - 2 (8 March 2020)

Technical Session Time 10.30 hr

Dr. Seram Bhogendra Singh
Head, Department of Sociology
S. Kula Women's College, Chaired
technical session



Md. Faizul Haque,
Ph D. Research Scholar,
Dept. of Applied Economics & Commerce,
Magadh University, Bodhgaya, Bihar

Economic Rights of Muslim
Women from Religious Perspective



Dr. Rajkumari Rebika Devi
Asst. Prof., Dept. of Philosophy
S. Kula Women's College, Nambol

Adolescent Health: A Venture to Gender
Equality and Socio-economic Development in
India



M. Surjit
*HoD, Education,
S. Kula Women's College,
Nambol*

Social Stigma and Discrimination
on Third Gender

Sanasam Dineshori

*Asst. Prof. Dept. of Home Science,
S. Kula Women's College*

Gender Equality and Initiative of
the Government



Ch. Rameshwor Singh
*Asst. Prof. Dept. of Geography
S. Kula Women's College*

Encountering Rights of 3rd Gender
(LGBT): A Review

L. Pushparani

*Ph D. Research Scholar,
Department of English, CMJ
University, Meghalaya*

Gender Characterization and Role
of Women in Raja Rao's Selected
Novels



Dr. Rajkumari Rebika Devi <i>Asst. Prof., Dept. of Philosophy S. Kula Women's College, Nambol</i>	Adolescent Health: A Venture to Gender Equality and Socio-economic Development in India
Ch. Rameshwor Singh <i>Asst. Prof. Dept. of Geography S. Kula Women's College</i>	Encountering Rights of 3 rd Gender (LGBT): A Review
Md. Faizul Haque, <i>Ph D. Research Scholar, Dept. of Applied Economics & Commerce, Magadh University, Bodhgaya, Bihar</i>	Economic Rights of Muslim Women from Religious Perspective
M. Surjit <i>HoD, Education, S. Kula Women's College, Nambol</i>	Social Stigma and Discrimination on Third Gender
Sanasam Dineshori <i>Asst. Prof. Dept. of Home Science, S. Kula Women's College</i>	Gender Equality and Initiative of the Government
WSNW2061 Dr. W. Kunjarani Chanu <i>HoD, Dept. of Philosophy S. Kula Women's College, Nambol</i>	Gender Equality to the Empowerment of Women Right
WSNW2066 L. Pushparani <i>Ph D. Research Scholar, Department of English, CMJ University, Meghalaya</i>	Gender Characterization and Role of Women in Raja Rao's Selected Novels

This academic event was uploaded as <https://youtu.be/GHm8sCKKNdM> (video)

Observance of international women's day 2020

3.5 **Information dissemination:**

Since the establishment of the Women's Study Centre at the college, the centre has been disseminating information in the form of books by compiled important documents that have significance in the society. During the year, 2015-16 the centre has brought out a significant publication by compilation, documentation in the book form under the theme of Publication on Documentation of "**Women Activism on Social Movement (Demand for Inner Permit System)**" Vol. VII, Issue, An abstract Publication on International Women's Day 2020, are also enclosed for your ready reference.

3.6 **Advocacy:**

Not only various sensitization programmes taken up by the centre but it is also deeply concerned for the protection of women's vulnerability by setting up different information cell and units. With these initiatives, information is circulated to the localities of the college.

3.7 **Success Stories:**

Indeed it is an action oriented approach to the success story of this centre that the centre can establish **S. Kula Women's College, Women's Grievance and Redressal Cell (SKWC-WGRC)** on the 8th March, 2013. It is a voluntary cell within the Women's Studies Centre in the S. Kula Women's College to provide initiative role for vulnerable groups of women and children in Bishnupur District. Significantly, Dr. Ch. Jamini Devi, Former Chairperson, Manipur State Commission for Women who graced as Chief Guest of the function on International Women's Day Observance cum one day Workshop and on this auspicious day she announced the establishment of this **SKWC-WGRC**. The UGC has also approved the upgradation of the centre in the 2nd Phase w.e.f. 2016-17.

The main features of the cell may be highlighted:

Mission: Inspire to feel them (vulnerable women and girls) we are for you.

Jurisdiction: It will cover Bishnupur District only.

Main purpose: Dissemination of socio-legal awareness for women concerns to feel free for any complain through this SKWC-WGRC. Teaching; Research Activities; Organization of Training Programme and Outreach Programme on women and interdisciplinary activities in collaboration with other departments and academic institutions;

Limitation: This cell will act as a counseling cell to provide information to the concerned authorities for judicial activism and fast justice availing for the women and girl victims as a means to guide them.

Complication: Despite having different legal provisions for women, many victims can not avail justice due to various factors like unaware of the provision or lack of initiative or grievance cell, but most importantly we not only women but also man cannot claim our due rights by seeing or considering the subsequent positive and negative effects. In such way this cell cannot link up for grievances without a reasonable complaint from the concerns individual /relatives or family.

Action-oriented:

Within 24 hours of the complain, all the members of the Cell will meet together for necessary action, whatever it may be, it will make effort to find out the way for Judicial activism.

Since the establishment of the Women's Studies Centre at the college, the centre has so far brought out several publications as an outcome of the research activities undertaken by the centre. During the first phase the college has also started a Teaching Programme of 6-month Certificate Course in Women's Studies. During the Second Phase of the centre, the college has submitted the syllabus and request for recognition for opening of Diploma Course on Women's Studies to be started w.e.f. 2020-21 under Teaching Programme. The Centre has also organized a number of Field Action Programmes on different topics related to women issues. As such, the Centre has a remarkable achievement during the first phase and current Second Phase of the establishment of the Women's Studies Centre.

4. STRATEGIES

4.1 Partnership

The college has signed MoU for undergoing collaborative works from time to time. In this context; some of the organization which agreed to work with women studies centre may be mentioned:

1. Human Rights Law Network, Manipur
2. Women's Study Centre, Manipur University
3. Social Welfare and development Centre, Imphal
4. Organisation for Social Care and Research, Imphal
5. Human Rights Alert, Manipur

4.2 Clustering

-with other Departments of the University

- Different departments of the Manipur University like Human Rights Study Centre, Women's Study Centre, Political Science, Education, Chemistry, Physics, Mass Media and Communication, Computer Science, Biotechnology were in the collaborative works of the college.
- The centre has conducted research collaboration with United College, Chandel; Organisation for Social Care and Research, Imphal and Women's Study Centre, Manipur University.

-with non-UGC Women's Study Centre

Different works regarding the women issue and human rights are conducted in collaboration with other concerned NGOs like

- Human Rights Law Network, Manipur
- Human Rights Alert,
- Centre for Women Action,
- Social Welfare and Development Centre, Imphal.

-with other University

- The college has established research collaboration with D.A.V. Degree College, Maharshi Dayanand Street, Arya Bhavan, Port Louis, Mauritius.

-with colleges within the university and outside the university

- The Women's Study Centre has undertaken a number of activities including research works in collaboration with other departments of the same college and with the departments of the other colleges as well within the University.

4.3 Networking/outreach

The centre, as in the stage of Phase – I, its network is being developed with different women organizations, mainly Meira Paibi which is generally found in all the localities of Manipur. The centre has been trying to tie-up and to make good rapport with such organization in the neighbouring areas of the college with a hope to cope up various issues confronted by them. Besides, some state and district level NGOs who worked for women's welfare are also associated with the centre in various programmes conducted by the centre and vice – versa with a view to expand its networking.

4.4 Any other

Following criteria should be considered while reporting:

(a) Interaction – with whom – how frequently – impact

(b) Organisation

(c) Difficulties – achievements

(d) Leadership role

With a view to achieve its primary objective, the centre sometimes made special programme on which different victims are interviewed to find out the causal and effects of the crime meted out against them. As a follow up programme the centre has arranged informal interaction with them for bringing good rapport and for awareness of their due right as well as amicable solution. Significantly, within a short period of its inception the centre could benefit them with legal assistance by giving proper guidance and awareness activities. Moreover, the centre, from time to time discussed contemporary issues of women by organizing camera meetings and counseling programmes. In various issues, in the locality of the college, the centre has been taking initiative role for the betterment of womenfolk, for bringing mutual understanding between the confronting groups or in the victim's family.

5. RESOURCES

5.1 People

Details of Teaching/Research/Administrative Staff structure, Permanent/Temporary)

Teaching	Dr. W. Kunjarani Chanu	Director	Status
	Dr. L. Muhindro	Human Rights	Guest
	Kh. Priyogopal Singh	Geography/Law	Guest
	Dr. Ng. Liklaileima	Human Rights	Guest
	Ch. Ritu Devi	Home Science	Guest

	Dr. L. Sumobala Devi	Food Science	Guest
	O. Pahari Singh	Economics/Law	Guest
	Dr. Priadarshini M	History/Law	Guest
	O. Jiten Singh	Human Rights	Guest
	Babloo Loitongbam	Human Rights Alert	Guest
Research	Dr. L. Muhindro Singh	Research Officer	Temp.
	Dr. S. Bhogendra Singh	Research Associate	Temp.
	L. Pushparani	Research Associate	Temp.
Administrative staff	Dr. W. Kunjarani Chanu	Director	
	Kh. Surjit Singh	Office Assistant/ LDC	Temp.
	Mr. Ch. Jiban Singh	Grade-IV	Temp.

5.2 **Material**

Efficient Class room with Smart Board, UST Projector, Computer, Laptop, Voice Recorder, Video Camera, Research Room, Documentation Room, etc.

5.3 **Documents**

Literatures of crime against women; state and national newspapers; weekly magazines; seminar papers; court order relating to various cases of women, publications of women bodies; video-clips; photo-documentations. Significantly, testimonial and physical criminal records are main ingredients of document in the centre.

5.4 **Any other**

Besides, video-clips of various issues, agitations, and crimes where womenfolk have taken initiative role and, need to be recorded are the main tasks of documentation cell of the centre. It may be noted that in most of the struggle in Manipur women have been taking major role. So as a part of Women's Study, such kind of record and evidence will give an immense significance.

(Dr. N. Joykumar Singh)

Principal,
S. Kula Women's College,
Nambol, Manipur.

(Dr W. Kunjarani Chanu)

Director, Women's Study Centre,
S. Kula Women's College,
Nambol, Manipur.

Date: **10-06-2020**

Place: **Nambol**